

Christianity is a living religious tradition within the life of adherents. ~~and many~~
~~practises~~ A significant person within Christianity that contributed greatly to the living religious system is Pope John Paul 23rd as he transformed the Christian traditions with his ~~the~~ establishing of Vatican II. Unlike previous Popes, John Paul left the confines of the Vatican in order to visit people who could not come to visit him, for example prisons and hospitals, and shared with them his wisdom and blessings. He also ~~eradicated~~ removed the pompus associated with being a pope such as the crown, throne and elaborate robes. He made^a significant impact on mass, changing the readings and ceremony from Latin to the common vernacular, allowing adherents to have a better understanding of the mass. He also changed the fact that ~~people~~ adherents had to face their backs to the altar as it didn't allow for them to be as included in the mass.

as apposed to if they were facing it. Vatican II also meant that nuns were not required to wear the ~~habit~~ clothing that they ~~traditionally~~ previously had to, changing their traditional clothing in order to make them more comfortable in ~~a~~ hot climates. Some nuns found it hard to make this transition as they were so familiar with the traditional values.

The practice of marriage is a significant aspect in the lives of adherents and contributes to the living religious tradition. The ~~an~~ concept of marriage within Christianity impacts on the community as well as the individuals. It allows for the community to be reminded of the significance of marriage in Christianity as it is believed to reflect the covenant made between God and Moses. It strengthens the faith of the community and empathises with the death, resurrection and salvation of Jesus Christ.