

i. Environment ethics

Environmental ethics are important to buddhism. Deforestation is an Environmental Ethic that the buddhism adherent participate in, Ahimsa is a ethical beliefs that come to Environmental ethics. Ahimsa is important Buddhist belief for example if you cut down a tree it also kills other sentient beings. Compassion is also another key ethical teaching, The buddhist belief in, Buddhist need to show compassion to the environment because ~~they need~~ ~~overdoing~~ if they show respect for the environment it might break their SamSara.

ii. Ahimsa is an ethical teaching that means do not kill, ~~or the buddhist~~ ~~an adherent~~ buddhism adherent beliefs if they show Ahimsa, it will ~~be~~ hopefully break SamSara. Ahimsa is important to all sentient beings. Compassion is another ethical teaching which means to show respect to all sentient beings. This involves caring for the environment, people, life.

to Temple puja

Temple puja is significant to the buddhist adherent in many ways. Temple puja is temple worshipping, when a buddhist walks into the temple he or she must remove her shoes, ~~and~~ ^{and} she wear respectful clothing. This is significant to the buddhist adherent because ~~doing this shows respect~~ ^{and} compassion to buddha and the others around them. ~~when the buddhist has entered the temple he/she bows three times to the buddhas which is the budda statue in doing this and the buddhist is showing compassion removing the shoes and wearing respectful clothing this is showing compassion to the individual and also the community. Temple puja is also significant to the practice of meditation in temple puja is significant to the buddhist adherent. it allows the adherent to be enlightened this is important for the buddhist because if the adherent reaches enlightenment it allows the individual to break from samsara.~~