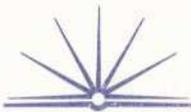


a)

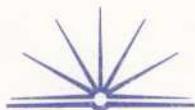
Fragment 1 is a logical paradigm using the language Prolog, because prolog language uses ~~a~~ brackets and commas between statements.

Fragment 2 is of a functional paradigm using language of LISP because brackets and pre-nominal are used with also spaces ~~after~~ where as logical paradigm does not use any spaces.



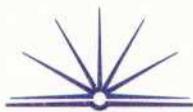
b) Object oriented program is usefull in a number of situations. Object oriented languages are event driven, therefore the code doesn't have to be run through in a strict order and may have multiple start and finish points. Object oriented languages are best suited for programs ~~with~~ which need to something using functions.

utilise a graphical user interface (GUI). This makes them ^{preferable} ~~preferential~~ for ~~applicat~~ applications such as touchscreen terminals and games.



c) i) No initialization of InstRectangle. height
code a random initialization value
or make the user input his/her
own value.

ii) function TTriangle. area: integer
begin
 $area := (0.5 * base * height)$
end;



d) the programming paradigm that I would choose to use is a declarative ~~pro~~ language -

This is because declarative languages incorporate Artificial Intelligence and this system can be optimised if this is used. Since the system will determine where bottlenecks are and make decisions to whether the ~~chutes~~ chutes ~~are~~ required can be compressed AI can be used in order to make those decisions. Since "Automatic Compression Rules" are used then ~~the~~ the Declarative language Paradigm can be used since the ~~can~~ program will tell ~~the~~ the computer what to do, but not how to do it. The Chute Assignments can be automatically changed by the system which uses AI.