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$$a) \frac{\cos x}{x}$$

$$= \frac{x \cdot \sin x + (-\cos x) \cdot 1}{(x)^2}$$

$$= \frac{x \sin x - \cos x}{x^2}$$

$$b) x^2 - x - 12 < 0$$

$$(x + 3)(x - 4) < 0$$

$$\begin{array}{cc} x+3 < 0 & x-4 < 0 \\ -3 & +4 \end{array}$$

$$x = -3$$

$$x = 4$$

$$c) y = \ln(3x) \quad x = 2$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{x} * 3$$

$$\text{at } x = 2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} * 3$$

$$y = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\left(2, \frac{3}{2}\right)$$

$$d) \int \sqrt{5x+1} \, dx$$

$$\sqrt{5x+1}$$

$$\frac{5x^2}{2} + x + C$$

$$= \cancel{\int \sqrt{5x+1} \, dx} \cdot \frac{5x^{-2}}{2} + x + C$$

$$ii) \int \frac{x}{4+x^2}$$

$$\frac{x}{x^2+4}$$

$$1 + \frac{x^3}{3} + 4x + C$$

$$= \cancel{\int \frac{x}{4+x^2} \, dx}$$

$$= 1 + \frac{x^3}{3} + 4x + C$$

$$e) \int_0^6 (x+k) \, dx = 30$$

$$= [x+k]_0^6$$

$$x=6$$

$$x=0$$

$$6+k=0$$

$$-6$$

$$k=-6$$

$$k=0$$

Additional writing space on back page.