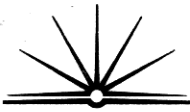


Wilfred Owen uses poetic techniques to convey the experience of war in Anthem for Doomed Youth and The Send Off.

Anthem for Doomed Youth is about sending young men to the front and being slaughtered but Owen doesn't use slaughtered in this poem he says 'dead cattle' because the men ~~are~~ got ^{killed} ~~killing~~ like cattle would, one after the other.

Their breasts were stuck^r with wreaths^r
~~And~~ ~~to~~ ~~express~~ The word stuck has been used instead of piercing or wound~~ed~~. The wreath is the sign of death or funeral.

Once the young men would get to



the front they would view ~~it~~ it differently.

The Send off, is a great example of poetic techniques to convey the experience of war. The young men were sent to war and they seemed happy 'grimly gay'.

Owen wrote these poems at war to tell people what the war was like and the people at home because they kept sending more young men to the front.

Owen ~~himself~~ also wrote them to try and stop them from ~~sending~~ sending more.

Anthem means a joyful song but for them it was not.



Owen was disgusted in the church men because they thought ~~to~~ it was for a good course.

Owen uses onomatopoeia, oxymorons, pathos, irony, verbs, adjectives, simile, sarcasm. All these help to convey the experience of war.

Thank you for listening about Wilfred Owen poetic techniques to convey the experience of the war.