

"Change", often defined as the process being made different, altered in appearance, turned into a different matter or someone else. "It is change, continuing change, inevitable change that is the dominant factor in society today". (Isaac)

The ~~Sat~~ Stolen Children and Their Stories, edited by Carmel Bird, provides a new three dimensional views on change and changing perspectives on the past and present lives of the indigenous people. The Door, written by M Asimakos from the stimulus booklet ~~encour~~ indicates changes are required in order to make new progress in our lives. The film Titanic, directed by James Cameron, the perspective of everyone changed as the disaster occurred to the "unsinkable" ship. Finally, Monty Roberts from The Man Who Listens To Horses rejects change his father's traditional horse training methods.

Carmel Bird constructs The Stolen Children and Their Stories into three sections: introduction, the stories of the removed/stolen children and the responses from the public.

As a white Australian, she feels the pain of that

indigenous people suffered deep in her heart. She believes "the long-term government plan is to assimilate Indigenous people into the dominant white community by removing them from their family at an early age." is a horrific genocidal action. She seeks for an apology and looks for answers from the Australian government to rebuild the shattered lives of the indigenous people. To express her opinion accurately and clearly, the Carmel Bird uses aggressive tone to express her anger and sadness.

"This attempt is nothing but a systematic genocide action, an attempt to wipe a race of people." The use of vivid and violent metaphor also describes what she believes the government's attitude to the issue of the stolen children.

The second section of the text consists of the tragic stories of the removed children. From the indigenous viewpoint, what government did was a shocking and unacceptable and it should take the responsibility to the unfortunate consequences. Paul's account

begin by express the loss of his identity by ~~the~~ only being ~~refer~~ referred as "State ward number 54321".

Another subject, Eric finds family meeting painful. This pain is in addition to the common pattern of rejection by a white family which meant to assimilate him. So many children ~~at~~ lost their family love, strength, identity and pride at an early age. The ~~&~~ uncomplicated language and the simple story telling reinforces Bird's introduction.

~~The~~ The use of first person makes readers involved ~~in it~~ emotionally with the text. Hence, this is a very effective way to convey personal perspectives.

On the other hand, the responses from the public generally have a different outlook. All ~~sorts~~ of ~~them~~ them believe it is wrong to ~~take in~~ remove the indigenous people from their families. John Howard, The Australian Prime Minister, states "The reconciliation is to recognize the truth about the past" and "as a community, we can not ignore history". These statements ~~shows~~ present John Howard's sorrow for the ~~to~~ victims of the "removing children" policy" and

recognise the importance of their existence in the Australian history. The structure of John Howard's speech is based on long and complicated sentences. ~~This indicates his power~~ The political words he uses states his power and control over others. The strong first person "I" represents he is self centred and he is not willing to listen other's opinion.

Aolmox

The Door written by Mirslan Holub starts with an order to unsee you. The repeated word "maybe" suggests the possibilities of the magical elements out beyond the door. The fourth stanza:

Go and Open the door.

Even if there's only

~~time~~ darkness ticking;

Even if there's only

hollowing wind;

Even if

nothing's there.

Go and open the door.

is desperately urging ^{the} readers to "go and open the door".

At least it offers more potential ~~than~~ than leaving it shut.

"Even if there's nothing there" acknowledges any change is better than none, which reminds us of the Spanish Proverb "A wise man will always change, a fool never will".

The film, Titanic directed by James Cameron reveals the story of the ship sank to the bottom of the Atlantic Ocean. The perspective of everyone — man and woman, young and old, rich and poor, weak and strong changed suddenly because death is just around the corner. A disaster concentrated people's mind. To recreate the scene moments before the ship sank, James Cameron used special effects to shoot ~~the~~ an ~~an~~ overview of the destruction which the ice berg has caused to the ship. He also concentrated on the people on board who were struggling with survival. Indeed, a disaster can take away human lives, but it can not change the determination to survive.

Now the ~~the~~ novel The Man Who Listens to Horses written by Monty Roberts reveals his deep love and understand of horses. At an early age, he saw how his father used to train horses. It was "conventional and cruel". As he gets older and more mature, Monty Roberts rejects his father's training methods. ~~Instead~~ Instead, he believes communication, especially through body language is the key to build relationship with the animal you love. ~~The~~ He uses very descriptive language to describes the pain of the horses and the seriousness of their wounds. "The horses had blood tracks on their backs from where the rope worn through the skin". He also use the ~~first~~ first person to make the novel vivid ~~and~~ so the readers can share the feeling he was experiencing.

Different texts offer different meanings on ~~change~~ and perspectives on change. As in The Stolen Children and Their Stories, the destructive effects are ~~examined~~ examined. ~~On the~~ At a different perspective, Miroslav Holub indicates changes are necessary and positive.



And Monty Roberts however, believes ^{new} changes are required
when it's needed. ^{The statement of} ~~Hesse~~, "all changes have consequences"
holds true.