Chemistry	
Section I – Part B (continued)	Centre Number
Section 1 – Part B (continued)	
	Student Number
	Marks
Question 22 (6 marks)	
Justify the procedure you used to prepare an ester in a school laborelevant chemical equations in your answer.	ratory. Include 6

118 - 17 -

Marks

Question 23 (4 marks)

A household cleaning agent contains a weak base of general formula NaX. $1.00\,\mathrm{g}$ of this compound was dissolved in $100.0\,\mathrm{mL}$ of water. A $20.0\,\mathrm{mL}$ sample of the solution was titrated with $0.1000\,\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{L}^{-1}$ hydrochloric acid and required $24.4\,\mathrm{mL}$ of the acid for neutralisation.

(a)	What is the Brönsted–Lowry definition of a base?	1
(b)	What is the molar mass of this base?	3

Question 24 (6 marks)

In the early twentieth century, Fritz Haber developed a method for producing ammonia, as shown by the equation:

$$N_2(g) + 3H_2(g) \rightleftharpoons 2NH_3(g)$$

(a)	Ammonia is used as a cleaning agent. State ONE other use of ammonia.	1
(b)	Explain the effect of liquefying the ammonia on the yield of the reaction.	2
(c)	Explain why it is essential to monitor the temperature and pressure inside the reaction vessel.	3