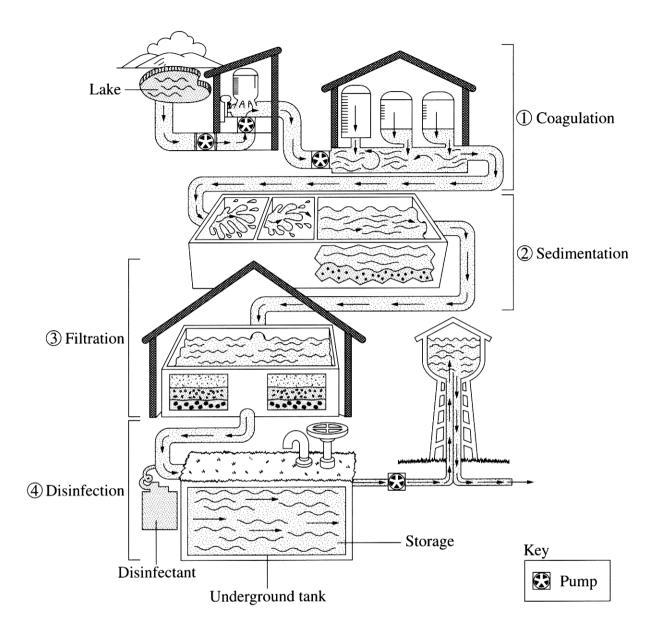
## Question 19 (3 marks)

The diagram summarises one method used to treat water to make it suitable for drinking.



Question 19 continues on page 15

## Marks

3

## Question 19 (continued)

The treatment method illustrated on page 14 has four processes which can remove the contaminants that may be found in water extracted from the lake.

Select ONE of the four processes and explain how this process reduces the risk of infection from pathogens.

Process (a) - Disinfection, - After the large particles in mater have been removed via filtration, sedimentation etc., the water may still be contaminated with micro-organisms that can cause disease. Disinfecting the mater with chemicals such as chlorine K ammonia to produce chloramines, ensures that all basteria are willed as well as providing a larger lasting means of als infection through the chloramination. The disinfectent being attached directly to the mater supply is an efficient method of remaining contaminants in the water as it passes through that point & storage in an underground tank, prevents reinfection from other conteminants, that may be present in their.