

Marks

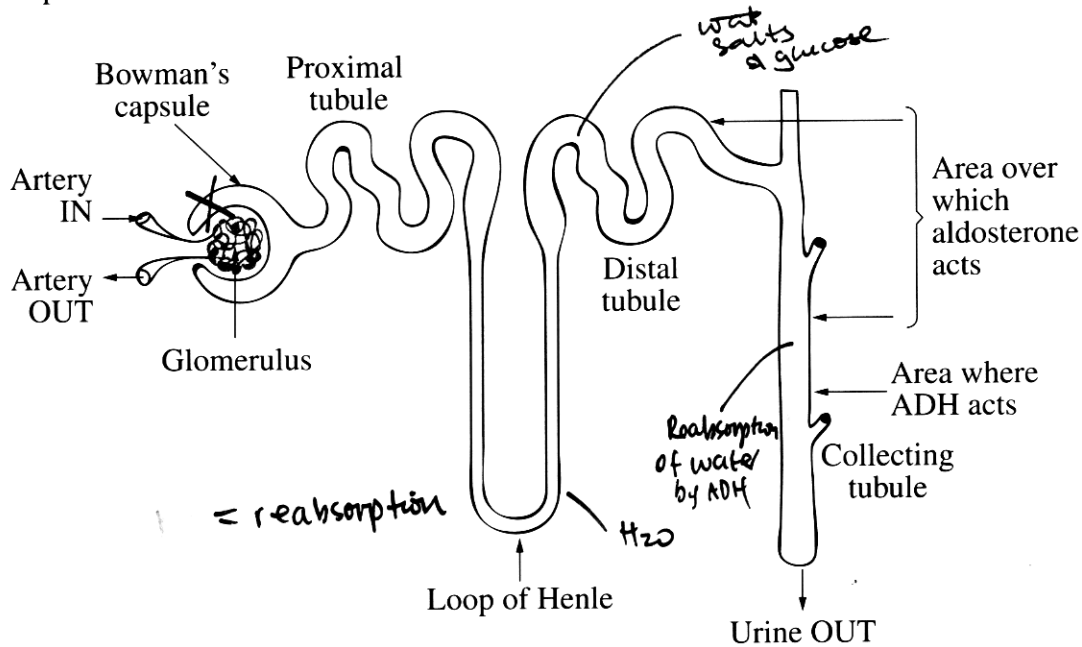
Question 23 (6 marks)

The diagram represents a nephron which is the functional unit of the kidney.

Nephrons make urine by:

- filtering small molecules and ions from the blood;
- reabsorbing the needed amounts of useful materials.

Surplus or waste molecules and ions flow out as urine.



- (a) Identify the area where filtration occurs, by marking it with an X on the diagram. 1
- (b) Identify the area where reabsorption occurs, by shading it on the diagram. 1
- (c) Discuss the importance of hormone replacement therapy for people who cannot secrete aldosterone. 4

Aldosterone is a hormone produced in the Adrenal cortex which ~~also~~ controls
in regulation of water & salt balance ^{in body}. It has sodium retaining effects. When
people can't excrete aldosterone, they cannot retain sodium back into the blood,
and therefore ~~no~~ water cannot follow by osmosis. low levels of sodium &

water levels cause a decrease in blood volume, leading to dangerously low blood
pressure. Also, the person will develop hyperkalemia as a result of ~~an~~ increase in ^{reabsorption}
potassium ions. All this ~~is~~ has fatal consequences for the person, (ie dizziness,
fatigue). People ~~with~~ who cannot secrete aldosterone (ie ppl w/ Addison's disease, cancer of
adrenal cortex and drugs) have to be given drugs such as fludrocortisone,
which is a synthetic hormone w/ sodium retaining effects. otherwise
-18- the results would be fatal,